ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

AUGUST 31, 2014

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

Exhibit Page Number Number Certificate of Board.....ii FINANCIAL SECTION Management's Discussion and Analysis4 **Basic Financial Statements:** Government-wide Financial Statements: A-1 Statement of Net Position......10 B-1 Fund Financial Statements: C-1 Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds......12 C-1R C-2 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds.... 16 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund C-3 C-4 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) E-1 **Combining Funds Financial Statements:** H-1 H-2 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds 41 Supplementary Information: J-1 J-2 J-3 Overall Compliance, Internal Control Section and Federal Awards: Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal K-1 L-1

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

CROSBY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Name of School

HARRIS County <u>101-906</u> Co.-Dist Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and

APPROVED --- [] DISAPPROVED (Check One)

for the year ended August 31, 2014 at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the _20th day of _October_, 2014.

SIGNATURE OF BOARD SECRETAR

SIGNATURE OF BÓARD SIDENT

If the Board of Trustees disapproved the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is/are (attach list as necessary):

FINANCIAL SECTION



Hereford, Lynch, Sellars & Kirkham

Certified Public Accountants • A Professional Corporation

Conroe 1406 Wilson Rd., Suite 100 Conroe, Texas 77304 *Tel* 936-756-8127 *Metro* 936-441-1338 *Fax* 936-756-8132 Members of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Texas Society of Certified Public Accounts Private Companies Practice Section of the AICPA Division for Firms Cleveland 111 East Boothe Cleveland, Texas 77327 *Tel* 281-592-6443 *Fax* 281-592-7706

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Trustees of Crosby Independent School District P.O. Box 2009 Crosby, Texas 77532-2009

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Crosby Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessments of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Crosby Independent School District, as of August 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Crosby Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and supplementary information, including the schedule of required responses to selected school first indicators, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining funds financial statements and supplementary information, including the schedule of required responses to selected school first indicators, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements and supplementary information, including the schedule of required responses to selected school first indicators, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 3, 2014, on our consideration of the Crosby Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Crosby Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully,

Hereford, Lynch, Sellars & Kirkham, P.C.

HEREFORD, LYNCH, SELLARS & KIRKHAM, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Conroe, Texas October 3, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Crosby Independent School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2014.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$26,504,649 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$4,810,317 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to students and creditors.
- The District's total net position increased by \$858,494.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$70,347,699, a decrease of \$5,276,420.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,852,954, or 9 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The District's total bonded debt decreased by \$2,857,292 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A-1) presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (Exhibit B-1) presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

The government-wide financial statements of the District are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include Instruction, Instructional Resources and Media Services, Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development, Instructional Leadership, School Leadership, Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services, Health Services, Student Transportation, Food Service, Extracurricular Activities, General Administration, Plant Maintenance and Operations, Security and Monitoring Services, Data Processing Services, Community Services, Interest on Long-term Debt, Issuance Costs and Fees, Facilities Repair and Maintenance, Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements, Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Programs, and Other Intergovernmental Charges.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains twelve individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nine governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual revenue and appropriations budget for its general fund. Subsequent to adoption, amendments approved by the governing body are reflected in a revised budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of students. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to the accounting used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents supplementary information, which includes schedules required by the Texas Education Agency. Supplementary information can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a District's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$26,504,649 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

CROSBY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT'S NET POSITION

				Governmental Ac	tivities				
	 2014			2013			Increase (Decrease)		
	 Amount	%	_	Amount	%		Amount	%	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 73,593,510	47	\$	78,559,357	49	\$	(4,965,847)	(6)	
Capital Assets	84,350,305	53		81,880,313	51		2,469,992	3	
Total Assets	157,943,815	100		160,439,670	100		(2,495,855)		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,334,542	100		1,432,642	100		(98,100)	(7)	
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	 131,636,197	99	-	135,238,393	99		(3,602,196)	(3)	
Other Liabilities	1,137,511	1		987,764	1		149,747	15	
Total Liabilities	 132,773,708	100	_	136,226,157	100		(3,452,449)		
Net Position:	 · · · · ·			<u> </u>			· · · · ·		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	20,981,509	79		19,847,872	77		1,133,637	6	
Restricted	712,823	3		-	-		712,823	100	
Unrestricted	4,810,317	18		5,798,283	23		(987,966)	(17)	
Total Net Position	\$ 26,504,649	100	\$_	25,646,155	100	\$	858,494		

The largest portion of the District's net position (79 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The

remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$4,810,317) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to students and creditors.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$858,494 from current operations. The elements giving rise to this change may be determined from the table below.

CROSBY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		Governmental Activities							
	_	2014			2013			Increase (Decr	ease)
		Amount	%		Amount	%	-	Amount	%
Revenue:							-		
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$	1,156,278	2	\$	1,149,111	2	\$	7,167	1
Operating Grants and Contributions		5,797,779	11		6,559,149	14		(761,370)	(12)
General Revenues:									()
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purpose		15,050,649	27		14,616,326	31		434,323	3
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service		7,416,921	14		4,297,661	9		3,119,260	73
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted								, ,	
to Specific Programs		25,198,585	46		20,144,893	44		5,053,692	25
Investment Earnings		69,999	-		121,301	-		(51,302)	(42)
Miscellaneous		136,028	-		196,515	-		(60,487)	(31)
Total Revenues		54,826,239	100	-	47,084,956	100	-	7,741,283	(•••)
Expenses:		01,020,200			,		-	.,,	
Instruction		26,568,039	50		25,057,050	52		1,510,989	6
Instructional Resources and Media Services		462,105	1		491,424	1		(29,319)	(6)
Curriculum and Staff Development		1,033,384	2		968,270	2		65,114	7
Instructional Leadership		666,458	1		630,316	1		36,142	6
School Leadership		2,300,621	4		2,244,805	5		55,816	2
Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation		2,000,021	•		2,211,000	0		00,010	-
Services		1,745,852	3		1,296,273	3		449,579	35
Health Services		354,301	1		332,248	1		22,053	7
Student Transportation		3,016,110	6		2,742,416	6		273,694	10
Food Service		2,887,471	5		2,399,705	5		487,766	20
Extracurricular Activities		1,907,003	4		1,972,468	4		(65,465)	(3)
General Administration		1,489,529	3		1,320,741	3		168,788	13
Plant Maintenance and Operations		3,930,745	7		3,144,280	6		786,465	25
Security and Monitoring Services		234,238	,		169,671	-		64,567	38
Data Processing Services		635,273	1		450,639	1		184,634	41
Community Services		7.783			7,891			(108)	(1)
Interest on Long-term Debt		5,231,725	10		3,116,226	6		2,115,499	68
Issuance Costs and Fees		11,266	-		1,070,987	2		(1,059,721)	(99)
Facilities Repair and Maintenance		221,533	-		22,209	-		199,324	(99) 897
Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		1,044,359	2		983,139	2		61,220	6
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative		1,044,009	2		905, 159	2		01,220	0
Education Programs		61,113	-		125,380			(64,267)	(51)
Other Intergovernmental Charges		158,837	-		148,814	-		10,023	(51)
Total Expenses	_	53,967,745	100	_	48,694,952	100	-	5,272,793	'
Change in Net Position	_	858,494	100	_	(1,609,996)	100	-	2,468,490	
5		25,646,155		_	27,765,335		-		
Net Position - Beginning		25,646,155			21,705,335			(2,119,180)	
Prior Period Adjustment - Implement GASB 65 for Bond Issuance Costs					(500 194)			500 194	
	_	25,646,155		_	(509,184) 27,256,151		-	509,184 (1,609,996)	
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	e	, ,		e	, ,		<u>-</u>		
Net Position - Ending	»—	26,504,649		»_	25,646,155		Ф	858,494	

Revenues are generated primarily from two sources. Grants and contributions (program and general revenues totaling \$30,996,364) represent 57 percent of total revenues and property taxes (\$22,467,570) represent 41 percent of total revenues. The remaining 2 percent is generated from charges for services, investment earnings, and miscellaneous revenues. The significant change was an increase in grants and contribution revenues due to an increase in state funding resulting from increased ADA and an increase in property tax as a result of increased assessed property values.

The primary functional expenses of the District are Instruction (\$26,568,039), which represents 50 percent of total expenses, and Interest on Long-term Debt, which represents 10 percent of total expenses. The remaining functional categories of expenses are less than 10 percent of total expenses.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$70,347,699, a decrease of \$5,276,420.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$3,852,954 while total fund balance reached \$4,635,641. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 9 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 11 percent of that same amount. The fund balance of the District's general fund decreased by \$794,488 during the current fiscal year. The decrease was primarily a result of an increase in various expenditures over the increase in state revenues.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$2,097,007, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the debt service fund was \$324,335 and was primarily due to the increases in local tax revenue.

The capital projects fund ended the year with a total fund balance of \$62,819,840, all of which is reserved for capital acquisition program and contractual obligations. The capital projects fund balance decreased by \$4,227,929 during the year representing fund expenditures related to capital projects.

Governmental funds financial statements may be found by referring to the table of contents.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District amends the budget as needed throughout the year. There were no significant differences between the original budget and the final amended budget of the general fund.

There were no significant variations between final budget and actual results. Amendments were approved by the governing body.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of August 31, 2014, amounts to \$84,350,305 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress. The total increase in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was three percent.

Major capital asset additions during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$357,502 Land for new campus site
- \$310,797 Three school buses
- \$4,285,568 Capital outlay for new campus
- \$460,216 Food Service Equipment

CROSBY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CAPITAL ASSETS

(net of depreciation)

				C	Governmental A	ctivities			
	_	2014			2013		Increase (Decrease)		
	_	Amount	%	_	Amount	%	_	Amount	%
Land	\$	4,215,904	5	\$	3,858,402	5	\$	357,502	9
Buildings and Improvements		72,464,076	86		74,852,685	91		(2,388,609)	(3)
Furniture and Equipment		2,945,018	3		2,729,487	3		215,531	8
Construction in Progress		4,725,307	6		439,739	1		4,285,568	975
Totals	\$	84,350,305	100	\$	81,880,313	100	\$	2,469,992	

Construction Commitments. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's commitments with construction contractors totaled \$255,188.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in notes to the financial statements as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Long-term liabilities. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total liabilities outstanding of \$131,636,197. Of this amount, \$123,314,788 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the District, \$7,483,272 comprises the liability for notes payable secured by ad valorem taxes levied for maintenance, \$237,179 is the outstanding liability for workers' compensation claims, and \$600,958 is the outstanding liability for compensated absences.

CROSBY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT'S LONG-TERM LIABILITIES OUTSTANDING

					Governmental A	Activities			
	-	2014			2013			Increase (Decr	ease)
	_	Amount	%	_	Amount	%	_	Amount	%
General Obligation Bonds (Net)	\$	123,314,788	94	\$	126,172,080	93	\$	(2,857,292)	(2)
Notes Payable (Net)		7,483,272	6		8,166,325	6		(683,053)	(8)
Workers' Compensation		237,179	-		226,560	-		10,619	5
Compensated Absences		600,958	-		673,428	1		(72,470)	(11)
Totals	\$	131,636,197	100	\$	135,238,393	100	\$	(3,602,196)	

The District's bonded debt decreased by \$2,857,292 (2 percent) during the current fiscal year. The decrease is the result of scheduled debt payments.

The District's general obligation debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the District and is further guaranteed by the Texas Permanent School Fund Guarantee Program or by a municipal bond insurance policy.

State statutes do not limit the tax rate or amount of local tax support of school districts' bonded indebtedness. However, approval of the Attorney General of the State of Texas is required prior to the sale of bonds.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements as indicated in the table of contents of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Current enrollment totals 5,445 students, which is less than 6 percent increase from the prior year.
- District staff totals 808 employees, which includes 345 teachers and 135 teachers' aides and secretaries.
- The District maintains 7 campuses for instruction.
- The unemployment rate for the County is currently 5.5 percent, which is a decrease from a rate of 6.1 percent a year ago. This compares unfavorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 5.1 percent, which is a decrease from a rate of 6.3 percent a year ago.
- Property values of the District are projected to increase by 6 percent.
- A maintenance and operations tax rate of \$1.17 and a debt service tax rate of \$0.50, a total of \$1.67 were adopted for 2014-2015. Preceding year rates were \$1.17, \$0.50, and \$1.67, respectively.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2015 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, unassigned (previously unreserved) fund balance in the general fund decreased to \$3,852,954. The District plans to utilize unassigned fund balance to fund current period expenditures prior to collecting the current year tax levy.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Assistant Superintendent of Finance, Crosby Independent School District, P.O. Box 2009, Crosby, Texas, 77532-2009.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Data			I
Contro			Governmental
Codes			Activities
Codes	ASSETS:		Activities
1110		\$	2,244,520
1120		Ψ	67,652,848
-	Property Taxes Receivables (Net)		2,332,021
1240			1,213,389
1290	Other Receivables (Net)		17,960
1300	Inventories		89,106
	Prepaid Items		43,666
	Capital Assets:		,
1510	Land		4,215,904
1520	Buildings and Improvements (Net)		72,464,076
1530	Furniture and Equipment (Net)		2,945,018
1580	Construction in Progress		4,725,307
1000	Total Assets	_	157,943,815
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
1700	Deferred Charge on Refunding		1,334,542
	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	1,334,542
	LIABILITIES:		
2110	Accounts Payable		518,770
	Interest Payable		223,721
	Accrued Liabilities		351,257
	Due to Other Governments		36,411
2300			7,352
2000	Noncurrent Liabilities:		7,002
2501	Due Within One Year		3,560,932
2502	Due in More Than One Year		128,075,265
2000	Total Liabilities	_	132,773,708
	NET POSITION:		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets		20,981,509
3450	Restricted for Grants		712,823
3900	Unrestricted		4,810,317
3000	Total Net Position	\$	26,504,649
			-,-,-,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

1

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NB

NE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs		1 Expenses	3 Program Charges for Services		4 Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions		Revenues Operating Grants and		Revenues Operating Grants and		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
	Governmental Activities:											
0011	Instruction	\$	26,568,039	\$ 19,605	\$	2,661,588	\$	(23,886,846)				
0012	Intructional Resources and Media Services		462,105	-		19,490		(442,615)				
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		1,033,384	-		177,140		(856,244)				
0021	Instructional Leadership		666,458	-		43,843		(622,615)				
0023	School Leadership		2,300,621	-		158,488		(2,142,133)				
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		1,745,852	-		365,762		(1,380,090)				
0033	Health Services		354,301	-		20,394		(333,907)				
0034	Student Transportation		3,016,110	-		208,395		(2,807,715)				
0035	Food Service		2,887,471	1,036,847		1,510,603		(340,021)				
0036	Extracurriculur Activities		1,907,003	91,943		38,533		(1,776,527)				
0041	General Administration		1,489,529	-		42,672		(1,446,857)				
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		3,930,745	7,883		140,970		(3,781,892)				
0052	Security amd Monitoring Services		234,238	-		19		(234,219)				
0053	Data Processing Services		635,273	-		22,810		(612,463)				
0061	Community Services		7,783	-		341		(7,442)				
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		5,231,725	-		386,731		(4,844,994)				
0073	Issuance Costs and Fees		11,266	-		-		(11,266)				
0081	Facilities Repair and Maintenance		221,533	-		-		(221,533)				
0093	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		1,044,359	-		-		(1,044,359)				
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Programs		61,113	-		-		(61,113)				
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		158,837	-		-		(158,837)				
TG	Total Governmental Activities		53,967,745	1,156,278		5,797,779	_	(47,013,688)				
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	53,967,745	\$ 1,156,278	\$_	5,797,779	_	(47,013,688)				
	General Rever				-		-					
MT	Property Ta.	xes, L	evied for Genei	ral Purposes				15,050,649				
DT			evied for Debt S	Services				7,416,921				
IE	Investment	Earnin	gs					69,999				
GC	Grants and	Contril	butions Not Res	stricted to Specifi	ic Pr	rograms		25,198,585				
M	Miscellaneo						-	136,028				
TR	Total Gener	ral Rev	/enues				-	47,872,182				
CN	Change in I	Net Po	sition				_	858,494				
	Net Desition		1					05 040 455				

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

25,646,155 26,504,649

\$

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2014

		199	599
Data			
Contro			Debt Service
Codes	_	 General Fund	Fund
	ASSETS:		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,039,682	\$,
1120	Current Investments	1,017,513	2,079,042
1225	Property Taxes Receivables (Net)	1,803,204	528,817
1240	Due from Other Governments	1,049,168	-
1260	Due from Other Funds	765,546	-
1290	Other Receivables (Net)	17,960	-
1300	Inventories	-	-
1410	Prepaid Items	 43,666	
1000	Total Assets	 6,736,739	2,662,235
	LIABILITIES:		
2110	Accounts Payable	50,909	-
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	2,064	-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	244,921	-
2170	Due to Other Funds	-	-
2180	Due to Other Governments	-	36,411
2200	Accrued Expenditures	-	-
2300	Unearned Revenue	-	-
2000	Total Liabilities	 297,894	36,411
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
2600	Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes	 1,803,204	528,817
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 1,803,204	528,817
	FUND BALANCES:		
3410	Nonspendable - Inventories	-	-
3430	Nonspendable - Prepaid Items	43,666	-
3450	Restricted - Grant Funds	-	-
3470	Restricted - Capital Acquisitions and Contractual Obligations	-	-
3480	Restricted - Debt Service	-	2,097,007
3525	Committed - Retirement of Loans/Notes Payable	739,021	-
3600	Unassigned	 3,852,954	-
3000	Total Fund Balances	 4,635,641	2,097,007
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 6,736,739	\$ 2,662,235

EXHIBIT C-1

	699	Nonmajor	98 Total
<u> </u>	Capital Projects	Governmental	Governmental
C	Fund	Funds	Funds
\$	-	\$ 150,462	\$ 2,244,520
Ŧ	63,705,032	851,261	67,652,848
	-		2,332,021
	-	164,221	1,213,389
	-	- · · · ·	765,546
	-	-	17,960
	-	89,106	89,106
	-	<u>-</u>	43,666
_	63,705,032	1,255,050	74,359,056
	170.015	000.040	510 770
	173,915	293,946	518,770
	-	-	2,064
	- 637,686	30,681	275,602 765,546
	037,000	127,860	36,411
	- 73,591		73,591
	73,591	7,352	7,352_
	885,192	459,839	1,679,336
	000,192		
_	-	<u> </u>	2,332,021
	-	<u> </u>	2,332,021
	-	82,388	82,388
	-	-	43,666
	-	712,823	712,823
	62,819,840	-	62,819,840
	-	-	2,097,007
	-	-	739,021
_	-	<u> </u>	3,852,954
_	62,819,840	795,211	70,347,699
\$	63,705,032	\$ 1,255,050	\$ 74,359,056
Ť –	50,100,00L	*	¢

(This page was intentionally left blank)

CROSBY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2014		EXHIBIT C-1R
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit C-1)	\$	70,347,699
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The governmental capital assets at year end consist of:		
Governmental Capital Assets Costs\$ 128,499,967Accumulated Depreciation of Governmental Capital Assets(44,149,662)		84,350,305
Property taxes receivable, which will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		2,332,021
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, notes payable, workers' compensation, and compensated		
absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Liabilities at year-end related to such liabilities consist of:		
Bonds Payable, at Original Par \$ (115,764,263)		
(Premium) Discount on Bonds Payable (4,275,643)		
Accreted Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds (3,274,882)		
Deferred Charge on Refunding Adjustment 1,334,542		
Accrued Interest on the Bonds (204,376)		
Notes Payable (7,475,000)		
(Premium) Discount on Notes Payable (8,272)		
Accrued Interest on Notes Payable (19,345)		
Workers' Compensation (237,179)		
Compensated Absences (600,958)	_	(130,525,376)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (Exhibit A-1)	\$	26,504,649

. .

- - - -

....

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

5.			199			599
Data					D.	aht Comise
Contro Codes			Conoral Fund		De	ebt Service Fund
Codes	_ REVENUES:	_	General Fund			Fullu
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	16,086,220	9		6,589,114
5800	State Program Revenues	φ	25,566,016	4	þ	1,308,811
5900	Federal Program Revenues		536,406			1,300,011
5020	Total Revenues	_	42,188,642			7,897,925
5020	Total INEVENCES	-	42,100,042			1,091,925
	EXPENDITURES:					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction		23,234,323			-
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		397,941			-
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		897,343			-
0021	Instructional Leadership		640,294			-
0023	, School Leadership		2,267,230			-
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		1,452,193			-
0033	Health Services		346,257			-
0034	Student Transportation		2,890,041			-
0035	Food Service		-			-
0036	Extracurricular Activities		1,790,377			-
0041	General Administration		1,438,848			-
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		3,865,338			-
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		234,243			-
0053	Data Processing Services		563,754			-
0061	Community Services		7,796			-
	Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		665,000			2,061,454
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		447,658			5,502,020
0073	Issuance Costs and Fees		1,150			10,116
	Capital Outlay:					
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		579,035			-
	Intergovernmental:					
0093	Payments to Shared Services Arrangements		1,044,359			-
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Programs		61,113			-
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		158,837			-
6030	Total Expenditures	_	42,983,130			7,573,590
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(794,488)			324,335
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning	_	5,430,129			1,772,672
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	4,635,641	9	5	2,097,007

EXHIBIT C-2

699	Nonmajor	98 Total
Capital Projects	Governmental	Governmental
Fund	Funds	Funds
\$ 57,639	\$ 1,038,238	\$ 23,771,211
-	317,275	27,192,102
<u> </u>	3,167,856	3,704,262
57,639	4,523,369	54,667,575
-	1,551,413	24,785,736
-	-	397,941
-	137,546	1,034,889
-	8,491	648,785
-	-	2,267,230
-	277,078	1,729,271
-	-	346,257
-	-	2,890,041
-	3,127,179	3,127,179
-	-	1,790,377
-	-	1,438,848
-	-	3,865,338
-	-	234,243
-	-	563,754
-	-	7,796
-	-	2,726,454
-	-	5,949,678
-	-	11,266
4,285,568	-	4,864,603
-	-	1,044,359
-	-	61,113
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	158,837
4,285,568	5,101,707	59,943,995
(4,227,929)	(578,338)	(5,276,420)
67,047,769	1,373,549	75,624,119
\$62,819,840	\$795,211	\$70,347,699

CROSBY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPEND FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014			EXHIBIT C-3
Total Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit (C-2)		\$ (5,276,420)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities a	erent because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. How statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital Assets increased	\$	5,414,083	
Depreciation expense	Ψ	(2,944,091)	2,469,992
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months a year end, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferre funds. Deferred tax revenues increased (decreased) by this amount t	ed in th	ne governmental	158,664
Repayment of note principal of is an expenditure in the governmental fur reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	nds, b	ut the repayment	665,000
Repayment of bond principal of is an expenditure in the governmental for reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	unds, l	out the repayment	2,061,454
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the a governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the st however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, rega and includes amortization of related long-term debt accounts. The inc interest expense reported in the statement of activities consist of the f	e in the tateme ardless crease	e funds when it is ent of activities, s of when it is due, e (decrease) in	
Accrued Interest on Current Interest Bonds Payable decreased	\$	1,280	
Accrued Interest on Notes Payable decreased	Ŧ	882	
Interest Accreted on the Capital Appreciation Bonds		(312,875)	
Accreted Interest Paid		863,546	
Amortization of Bond Premium and Discount		245,167	
Amortization of Notes Payable Premium		18,053	
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding		(98,100)	717,953
The (increase) decrease in compensated absences is reported in the s not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is no in the governmental funds.			72,470
The (increase) decrease in workers' compensation is reported in the standard not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is no			
in the governmental funds.	-1-01		 (10,619)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities (Exhibit B-1)			\$ 858,494

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

Data									Variance with Final Budget
Control			Budgete	d An	nounts				Positive
Codes			Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
	REVENUES:								
	Local and Intermediate Sources	9	-, -,	\$	16,020,645	\$	16,086,220	\$	65,575
	State Program Revenues		25,796,230		24,494,363		25,566,016		1,071,653
	Federal Program Revenues		632,335	-	582,335	_	536,406	_	(45,929)
5020	Total Revenues		41,721,410	-	41,097,343	-	42,188,642	-	1,091,299
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction		22,301,395		23,234,590		23,234,323		267
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		479,380		398,295		397,941		354
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		980,010		898,124		897,343		781
	Total Instruction & Instructional Related Services		23,760,785	-	24,531,009	-	24,529,607	-	1,402
				-	· · ·	_		_	· · · ·
0004	Instructional and School Leadership:		070 075		0.40.04.0		0.40,00,4		000
0021	Instructional Leadership		679,275		640,916		640,294		622
0023	School Leadership		2,313,345	-	2,358,981	_	2,267,230	_	91,751
	Total Instructional & School Leadership		2,992,620	-	2,999,897	-	2,907,524	-	92,373
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		1,526,675		1,455,780		1,452,193		3,587
0033	Health Services		367,405		346,441		346,257		184
0034	Student Transportation		3,104,890		2,940,911		2,890,041		50,870
0036	Extracurricular Activities		1,584,090		1,800,545		1,790,377		10,168
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		6,583,060	-	6,543,677	_	6,478,868	_	64,809
	Administrative Support Services:			-					
0041	General Administration		1 210 750		1 492 102		1 120 010		44,254
0041	Total Administrative Support Services		<u>1,319,750</u> 1,319,750	-	<u>1,483,102</u> 1,483,102	-	1,438,848	-	44,254
	Total Administrative Support Services		1,319,730	-	1,403,102	-	1,430,040	-	44,204
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:								
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		3,535,820		3,865,499		3,865,338		161
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		255,550		255,355		234,243		21,112
0053	Data Processing Services		546,325	-	564,992	_	563,754	_	1,238
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based		4,337,695	_	4,685,846	_	4,663,335	_	22,511
	Ancillary Services:								
0061	Community Services		11,195		10,874		7,796		3,078
	Total Ancillary Services		11,195	-	10,874	-	7,796	-	3,078
			,	-			.,		0,010
0074	Debt Service:		005 000		005 000		005 000		
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		665,000		665,000		665,000		-
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		447,658		447,658		447,658		-
0073	Issuance Costs and Fees Total Debt Service		3,007	-	3,007	-	1,150	-	1,857
	Total Debt Service		1,115,665	-	1,115,665	-	1,113,808	-	1,857
	Capital Outlay:								
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction			_	1,031,032	_	579,035	_	451,997
	Total Capital Outlay		-	-	1,031,032	_	579,035	_	451,997
	Intergovernmental Charges:								
0093	Payments to Shared Services Arrangements		1,058,000		1,058,000		1,044,359		13,641
0095	Payments to Shared Services Arrangements Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Programs		104,000		155,725		61,113		94,612
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		160,000		160,000		158,837		1,163
0000	Total Intergovernmental Charges		1,322,000	-	1,373,725	-	1,264,309	-	109,416
			1,022,000	-	1,010,120	-	1,201,000	-	100,410
6030	Total Expenditures		41,442,770	-	43,774,827	-	42,983,130	-	791,697
1000	Not Change in Fund Polonee		279 640	-		-		-	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		278,640		(2,677,484)		(794,488)		1,882,996
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		5,430,129	_	5,430,129	_	5,430,129	_	-
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	9	5,708,769	\$	2,752,645	\$_	4,635,641	\$	1,882,996
				-		-		-	

	865 Agency
Data	Fund
Control	
Codes	Student
ASSETS:	Activity
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 102,351
1120 Current Investments	352,197
1000 Total Assets	\$ <u>454,548</u>
LIABILITIES:	
2190 Due to Student Groups	\$ 454,548
2000 Total Liabilities	\$ 454,548

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2014

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government (District). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

B. Reporting Entity

The Crosby Independent School District (District) is governed by a seven-member board of trustees (Board), which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public, elementary and secondary, education within the District. Members of the Board are elected by the public; have authority to make decisions; appoint management and significantly influence operations; and have primary accountability for fiscal matters; the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present the District.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those accounted for in another fund.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for the acquisition and construction of the District's major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *agency fund* accounts for assets held by the District for student organizations. The fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement or results of operations.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the amount due from/to agency is included in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds are eliminated in governmental activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2014

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources or economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and has been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (Within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items, including property taxes, are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and bank demand or time and savings deposits with original maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

Investments for the District are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices) except for the position in investment pools. In accordance with state law, the pools operate in conformity with all of the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2a7 as promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Accordingly, the pools qualify as a 2a7-like pool and are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method. The pools are subject to regulatory oversight by the State Treasurer, although it is not registered with the SEC.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2014

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The District's infrastructure includes parking lots and sidewalks associated with various buildings. The cost of the infrastructure was initially capitalized with the building cost and is being depreciated over the same useful life as the building. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the District chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Classes	Lives
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Furniture and Equipment	5-20

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue - property taxes*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

6. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2014

7. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

8. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of trustees is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by board action or adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by board action or resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the board action or adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The board of trustees (Board) has by resolution authorized the superintendent or his designee to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes for the current calendar year are levied on approximately October 1 of each year and are payable by January 31 of the following year. Property tax receivables are recorded as of the date levied. Unpaid taxes become delinquent on February 1 and a tax lien on real property is created as of July 1 of each year.

3. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused leave benefits. The term leave includes state personal days and state sick leave days. Payment for unused leave days accumulated will be made upon retirement (in accordance with guidelines established by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas) for all employees. All sick pay is accrued when incurred for employees who are eligible for retirement in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have met the District's requirements and State's retirement eligibility requirements.

The District does not have a liability for unpaid vacation at year-end due to the District's policy does not allow a carryover of vacation days not taken at August 31. There are amounts included in compensated absences for employees that had accrued vacation time under the District's previous policy.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2014

4. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

5. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue fund, and debt service fund. All other governmental funds adopt project length budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and campus/department. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between campus/departments require the approval of the District's management. Transfers of appropriations between functions require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. There were no significant differences between the original and final amended budget of the general fund.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances as appropriate. The encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

C. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended August 31, 2014, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the functions (the legal level of budgetary control) of the following funds:

Fund	Function		Final Budget	Actual	Variance
National School Breakfast and Lunch Program	Food Service	- \$	2,691,550 \$	3,127,179 \$	(435,629)
Debt Service	Debt Service		26	10,116	(10,090)

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Cash Deposits. The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Texas School Depository Act. The depository bank pledges securities which comply with state law and these securities are held for safekeeping and trust with the District's and the depository banks' agent bank. The pledged securities are approved by the TEA and shall be in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2014

Investments. The District's investment policy is in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the Public Funds Collateral Act, and federal and state laws. State law and District policy limits credit risk by allowing investing in 1) Obligations of the United States or its agencies which are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm (NRIRF) not less than A or its equivalent; 2) Certificates of deposit issued by a depository located in Texas which is insured by the FDIC or purchased through a broker who has an office located in Texas; 3) Repurchase agreements secured by obligations of the United States or its agencies not to exceed 90 days to maturity from the date of purchase; 4) Bankers acceptances with a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer which are eligible for collateral for borrowing from a Federal Reserve Bank; 5) No-load money market mutual funds which shall be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission which have an average weighted maturity of less than two years, investments comply with the Public Funds Investment Act and are continuously rated not less than AAA by at least one NRIRF; 6) A guaranteed investment contract (for bond proceeds only) which meets the criteria and eligibility requirements established by the Public Funds Investment Act; 7) Public funds investment pools which meet the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act; 8) securities lending program. Commercial paper is an authorized investment if it has a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer from the date of its issuance; and is rated not less than A-1 or P-1 or an equivalent rating by at least: two nationally recognized credit rating agencies; or one nationally recognized agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state.

As of August 31, 2014, the District had the following governmental and fiduciary funds' investments:

	Standard &		Percentage of	Weighted Average
Governmental Fund Investment Type	Poor's Rating	Fair Va	lue Total Investments	Maturity (Years)
Texpool - Prime	AAAm	\$ 13,904	,889 21%	0.12
Texpool - LGIP	AAAm	139	,132 0%	0.22
Lone Star - Corporate Overnight Fund	AAAf/S1+	52,951	,708 78%	0.17
LOGIC	AAAm	657	,119 1%	0.15
Total Fair Value		\$ 67,652	.,848 100%	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity				0.16
	Standard &		Percentage of	Weighted Average
Fiduciary Fund Investment Type	Poor's Rating	Fair Va	lue Total Investments	Maturity (Years)
Texpool - Prime	AAAm	\$ 352	100%	0.12
Total Fair Value		\$ 352	.,197 100%	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity				0.12

Credit risk. At year-end, the District's investments were rated as noted in the table above. All credit ratings met acceptable levels required by legal guidelines prescribed in both the PFIA and the District's investment policy.

Interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The District monitors interest rate risk utilizing weighted average maturity analysis. In accordance with its investment policy, the District reduces its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of any internally created pool to no more than 180 days, and any individual investment to one year, unless specifically authorized by the Board of Trustees.

Concentration of credit risk. The District's investment policy does not limit an investment in any one issuer. The investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of August 31, 2014, District's bank balance of \$3,517,779 was not exposed to custodial credit risk because it was insured and collateralized with securities held by the District's agent and in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2014

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District is not exposed to custodial risk due to the investments are insured or registered, or securities held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the District's individual major governmental funds and nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	General	 Debt Service	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	 Total
Receivables:					
Property Taxes	\$	1,878,007	\$ 550,899	\$ -	\$ 2,428,906
Due From Other Governments:					
Local		-	-	-	-
State		1,049,168	-	-	1,049,168
Federal		-	-	164,221	164,221
Gross Receivables		2,927,175	 550,899	 164,221	 3,642,295
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		(74,803)	(22,082)	-	(96,885)
Net Total Receivables	\$	2,852,372	\$ 528,817	\$ 164,221	\$ 3,545,410

Tax revenues of the general and debt service fund are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period increased (decreased) revenues as follows:

Uncollectibles Related to General Fund Property Taxes	\$	(1,924)
Uncollectibles Related to Debt Service Property Taxes	¢	(4,404)
Total Uncollectibles of the Current Fiscal Year	<u>م</u>	(6,328)

Approximately 76% of the outstanding balance of property taxes receivable is not anticipated to be collected within the next year.

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Receivables/Payables

The composition of interfund receivable/payable balances as of August 31, 2014, is as follows:

Fund	Interfund eceivables	Interfund Payables
General Fund	\$ 765,546	\$ -
Capital Projects	-	637,686
Other Governmental Funds - Nonmajor	-	127,860
Total	\$ 765,546	\$ 765,546

Interfund balances consist of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements that result primarily from payroll and other regularly occurring charges that are paid by the general fund and then charged back to the appropriate other fund. Additionally, some lending/borrowing may occur between two or more nonmajor governmental funds.

Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as "flows of assets without equivalent flow of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment." Transfers are the use of funds collected in one fund and are transferred to finance various programs accounted for in other funds. The following is a summary of the District's interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 2014.

Transfer Out	Transfer In	Amount
None		\$ -
Total		\$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2014

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2014 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions	 Reductions	_	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	3,858,402	\$	357,502	\$ -	\$	4,215,904
Construction in Progress		439,739		4,285,568	 -	_	4,725,307
Total Capital Assets, not being Depreciated		4,298,141	_	4,643,070	 -	-	8,941,211
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:							
Buildings and Improvements		111,107,523		-	-		111,107,523
Furniture and Equipment		7,822,216		771,013	(141,996)		8,451,233
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated	_	118,929,739	_	771,013	 (141,996)	-	119,558,756
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and Improvements		(36,254,838)		(2,388,609)	-		(38,643,447)
Furniture and Equipment		(5,092,729)		(555,482)	141,996		(5,506,215)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	(41,347,567)	_	(2,944,091)	 141,996	-	(44,149,662)
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, net	_	77,582,172		(2,173,078)	 -	-	75,409,094
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$_	81,880,313	\$_	2,469,992	\$ <u> </u>	\$_	84,350,305

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
11 Instruction	\$ 1,824,600
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services	64,804
21 Instructional Leadership	19,026
23 School Leadership	38,429
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	19,791
33 Health Services	8,813
34 Student Transportation	437,980
35 Food Service	220,285
36 Extracurricular Activities	118,458
41 General Administration	52,773
51 Plant Maintenance and Operations	66,606
53 Data Processing Services	72,526
Total Depreciation Expense-Governmental Activities	\$ 2,944,091

Construction Commitments

The District has active construction projects as of August 30, 2014. The projects include the construction and equipment of school facilities. At year end, the District's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Remaining
Project	Commitment
HVAC Replacement	\$ 255,188
Totals	\$\$\$

The commitment for construction and equipment of school facilities is being financed by general obligation bonds secured by tax revenues and local funds.

E. Long-term Liabilities

The District's long-term liabilities consist of bond indebtedness, notes payable, workers' compensation, and compensated absences. The current requirements for general obligation bonds principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the debt service fund. The current requirements for notes payable are accounted for in the general fund. The requirements for workers' compensation and compensated absences are accounted for in the general fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2014

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended August 31, 2014, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	-						
Bonds Payable:							
General Obligation Bonds	\$	117,825,717	\$	-	\$ (2,061,454) \$	115,764,263	\$ 2,042,795
Less Deferred Amounts:							
For Issuance Premium (Discount) (CIB's)		4,520,810		-	(245,167)	4,275,643	-
For Accreted Interest (CAB's)		3,825,553		312,875	(863,546)	3,274,882	-
Total Bonds Payable, net	-	126,172,080		312,875	 (3,170,167)	123,314,788	 2,042,795
Notes Payable:							
Notes Payable		8,140,000		-	(665,000)	7,475,000	680,000
Less Deferred Amounts:							
For Issuance Premium (Discount)		26,325		-	(18,053)	8,272	-
Total Notes Payable, net	-	8,166,325		-	 (683,053)	7,483,272	 680,000
Workers' Compensation		226,560		104,038	(93,419)	237,179	237,179
Compensated Absences		673,428		72,980	(145,450)	600,958	600,958
Governmental Activity	-				 		
Long-term Liabilities	\$_	135,238,393	\$_	489,893	\$ (4,092,089) \$	131,636,197	\$ 3,560,932

General Obligation Bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction and equipment of school facilities (SCH) and to refund general obligation bonds (REF).

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. These bonds are issued as 13-30 year current interest capital appreciation bonds (CAB) with various amounts of principal maturing each year. Rates may be fixed or variable. The following is a summary of changes in the general obligation bonds for the fiscal year.

Series	Interest Rate		Original Issue	Maturity Date		Beginning Balance	Additions		Reductions	Ending Balance
1999 CAB	-	\$	11,781,247	2017	\$	2,910,731	\$ -	\$	(791,454) \$	2,119,277
2004 SCH	4.00-5.00%		9,500,000	2029		255,000	-		(255,000)	-
2005 SCH	3.00-4.55%		6,000,000	2029		170,000	-		(170,000)	-
2006 SCH	3.50-4.00%		9,105,000	2024		8,585,000	-		(85,000)	8,500,000
2006 CAB	-		601,906	2019		439,986	-		-	439,986
2009 SCH	2.50-4.20%		4,385,000	2024		4,325,000	-		(15,000)	4,310,000
2012 REF	2.00-3.00%		9,275,000	2029		9,095,000	-		-	9,095,000
2013 REF	1.00-4.00%	2	25,025,000	2029		25,025,000	-		(745,000)	24,280,000
2013 SCH	4.00-5.00%	6	67,020,000	2043	_	67,020,000	 -	_	-	67,020,000
Totals					\$	117,825,717	\$ -	\$	(2,061,454) \$	115,764,263

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2014

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Principal		Total
August 31	Value	Interest	Requirements
2015	\$ 2,042,795	\$ 5,517,364	\$ 7,560,159
2016	2,025,858	5,537,295	7,563,153
2017	2,015,624	5,548,604	7,564,228
2018	3,080,000	4,481,153	7,561,153
2019	2,139,986	5,419,842	7,559,828
2020	3,270,000	4,289,928	7,559,928
2021	3,405,000	4,155,616	7,560,616
2022	3,545,000	4,015,979	7,560,979
2023	3,690,000	3,870,503	7,560,503
2024	3,835,000	3,727,133	7,562,133
2025	3,720,000	3,620,813	7,340,813
2026	3,815,000	3,526,388	7,341,388
2027	3,930,000	3,410,213	7,340,213
2028	4,050,000	3,290,513	7,340,513
2029	4,180,000	3,163,400	7,343,400
2030	3,545,000	3,026,138	6,571,138
2031	3,690,000	2,881,438	6,571,438
2032	3,840,000	2,730,838	6,570,838
2033	3,995,000	2,571,641	6,566,641
2034	4,165,000	2,403,341	6,568,341
2035	4,360,000	2,208,438	6,568,438
2036	4,565,000	2,002,431	6,567,431
2037	4,785,000	1,785,800	6,570,800
2038	5,010,000	1,559,713	6,569,713
2039	5,245,000	1,322,125	6,567,125
2040	5,515,000	1,053,125	6,568,125
2041	5,800,000	770,250	6,570,250
2042	6,095,000	472,875	6,567,875
2043	6,410,000	160,250	6,570,250
Totals	\$ 115,764,263	\$ 88,523,147	\$ 204,287,410

The District has \$19,000,000 of authorized but unissued unlimited ad valorem tax bonds as of August 31, 2014.

Notes Payable

The District issued maintenance tax notes to provide funds for capital improvements and equipping facilities. The maintenance tax notes are secured by the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax levied for maintenance. The notes are issued as 5-15 year current interest notes.

The following is a summary of changes in the notes payable during the fiscal year:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Maturity Date	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
2010 Maintenance Tax Note 2010 Qualified School Construction	2.5-3.0% \$	2,765,000	2015	\$ 905,000	\$ -	\$ (665,000) \$	240,000
Maintenance Tax Note (QSCMT) Totals	5.95%	7,235,000	2025	\$ 7,235,000 8,140,000	\$ -	\$ 	7,235,000 7,475,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2014

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the notes payable are as follows:

Year Ending			Total			
August 31	Principal *	Interest	Requirements			
2015	\$ 240,000	\$ 434,083	\$ 674,083			
2016	-	430,483	430,483			
2017	-	430,483	430,483			
2018	-	430,483	430,483			
2019	-	430,483	430,483			
2020	-	430,483	430,483			
2021	-	430,483	430,483			
2022	-	430,483	430,483			
2023	-	430,483	430,483			
2024	-	430,483	430,483			
2025	7,235,000	215,241	7,450,241			
Totals	\$ 7,475,000	\$ 4,523,671	\$ 11,998,671			

* The District plans to make annual principal payments beginning February 15, 2015 that range from \$440,000 to \$680,000 prior to the maturity in year 2025 of the 2010 QSCMT noted above.

F. Revenues from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

						Other	
		Debt		Capital	C	Governmental	
	General	Service		Projects		Funds	Totals
Property Taxes	\$ 15,723,609	\$ 6,585,297	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 22,308,906
Investment Income	7,157	3,815		57,639		1,388	69,999
Food Sales	-	-		-		1,036,847	1,036,847
Other	355,454	2		-		3	355,459
Total	\$ 16,086,220	\$ 6,589,114	\$_	57,639	\$	1,038,238	\$ 23,771,211

IV. Other Information

A. Risk Management

Property/Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property/liability losses for which the District carries commercial insurance.

Health Insurance

During the year ended August 31, 2014, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan. The District paid premiums of \$150 per month per employee to the plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The contract between the District and the licensed insurer is renewable annually and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Workers' Compensation

The District established a limited risk management program for workers' compensation in 1998. Premiums are paid into the general fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program. These interfund premiums are used to reduce the amount of claims expenditure reported in the general fund.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities also include an estimated amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$1,000,000 and statutory limit of \$5,000,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2014

Settlements have not exceeded coverages for each of the past three fiscal years and there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. The workers' compensation claims liability is presented at a non-discounted amount of \$237,179. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	Year Ended 8/31/2014	Year Ended 8/31/2013
Unpaid Claims, Beginning of Fiscal Year	\$ 226,560	\$ 306,879
Incurred Claims	104,038	32,699
Claim Payments	(93,419)	(113,018)
Unpaid Claims, End of Fiscal Year	\$ 237,179	\$ 226,560

B. Litigation and Contingencies

The District participates in a number of federal and state financial assistance programs. Although the District's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act through August 31, 2014, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor agencies. The District is also subject to audit by the TEA of the attendance data upon which payments from the agency are based. These audits could result in questioned costs or refunds to be paid back to the granting agencies.

The District is a defendant in various lawsuits arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the District's management, the potential losses, after insurance coverage, on all allegations, claims, and lawsuits will not have a material effect on the District's financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Pension Plan for Employees Participating in Teacher Retirement System

Plan Description. The Crosby Independent School District contributes to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. TRS administers retirement and disability annuities, and death and survivor benefits to employees and beneficiaries of employees of the public school systems of Texas. It operates primarily under the provisions of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Sec. 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. TRS also administers proportional retirement benefits and service credit transfer under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Chapter 803 and 805, respectively. The Texas state legislature has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the pension plan and may, under certain circumstances, grant special authority to the TRS Board of Trustees. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the defined benefit pension plan. That report may be obtained by downloading the report from the TRS Internet website, <u>www.trs.state.tx.us</u>, under the TRS Publications heading, by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by writing to the TRS Communications Department, 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

Funding Policy. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are established and amended pursuant to the following state funding policy: (1) The state constitution requires the legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6.0% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6.0% of the aggregate annual compensation of all members of the system during the fiscal year; (2) A state statute prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Contributions. Contribution rates and contributions for fiscal years 2014-2012 are shown in the table below. These rates are set by the General Appropriations Act. In certain instances, the reporting district is required to make all or a portion of the state's and/or member's contribution and on the portion of the employees' salaries that exceeded the statutory minimum.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2014

Contribution Rates and Contribution Amounts

	N	/lember			State		School District Statutory Minimum
Year	Rate		Amount	Rate		Amount	 Amount
2014	6.4%	\$	1,889,169	6.800%	\$	1,529,046	\$ 345,085
2013	6.4%	\$	1,700,748	6.400%	\$	1,338,292	\$ 231,868
2012	6.4%	\$	1,619,582	6.000%	\$	1,224,069	\$ 219,719

For the current fiscal year and each of the past two years, the District's actual contributions were equal to 100 percent of the required contributions. The contributions made by the State are on behalf of the District and have been recorded in the governmental funds' financial statements of the District as both state revenues and expenditures. These contributions are the legal responsibility of the State.

D. School District Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description. The Crosby Independent School District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The Teacher Retirement System of Texas issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS Web site at www.trs.state.tx.us under the TRS Publications heading, by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

Funding Policy. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee and public school contributions, respectively. Funding for free basic coverage is provided by the program based upon public school district payroll. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. Funding for optional coverage is provided by those participants selecting the optional coverage. Contribution rates and amounts are shown in the table below for fiscal years 2014-2012.

Contribution Rates

	Activ	ve Mem	ber	5	State		School District		
Year	Rate		Amount	Rate	_	Amount	Rate		Amount
2014	0.65%	\$	191,869	1.00%	\$	280,203	0.55%	\$	162,350
2013	0.65%	\$	172,732	0.50%	\$	124,999	0.55%	\$	146,158
2012	0.65%	\$	164,489	1.00%	\$	240,631	0.55%	\$	139,183

In addition, the State of Texas contributed \$76,710, \$99,372 and \$122,880 in 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively, for on-behalf payments for Medicare Part D and Early Retiree Reinsurance Program.

For the current fiscal year and each of the past two years, the District's actual contributions were equal to 100 percent of the required contributions. The contributions made by the State are on behalf of the District and have been recorded in the governmental funds' financial statements of the District as both state revenues and expenditures. These contributions are the legal responsibility of the State.

E. Nonmonetary Transactions

During 2014, the District received textbooks purchased by the State of Texas for the benefit of the District for a purchase price of \$108,634. The District receives the textbooks as part of state funding for textbook allotment. The textbooks have been recorded in the amount of \$108,634 in a special revenue fund as both state revenues and expenditures, which represents the amount of consideration given by the State of Texas.

COMBINING FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2014

			211		224		225
Data Contro <u>Codes</u>	<u>.</u>	F Im	EA, Title I, Part A - pproving Basic rograms		A - Part B, jormula		A - Part B, eschool
1110	ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
1120	Current Investments	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-
1240	Due from Other Governments		46,295		75,217		916
1300	Inventories		-		-		-
1000	Total Assets		46,295		75,217		916
	LIABILITIES:						
2110	Accounts Payable		-		-		-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-		-		-
2170	Due to Other Funds		46,295		75,217		916
2300	Unearned Revenue		-		-		-
2000	Total Liabilities		46,295		75,217		916
	FUND BALANCES:						
3410	Nonspendable - Inventories		-		-		-
3450	Restricted - Grant Funds		-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		-		-
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	46,295	\$	75,217	\$	916

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2014

Data Contro <u>Codes</u>	<u>s</u>	Br	240 National School eakfast and Lunch Program	T	244 areer and echnical - asic Grant	Te	255 BEA, Title II, Part A,: eacher and Principal Fraining & Recruiting
1110	ASSETS:	\$	149,828	¢		\$	
1120	Cash and Cash Equivalents Current Investments	φ	851,261	\$	-	φ	-
1240	Due from Other Governments		36,361		4,543		119
1300	Inventories		89,106		-,0-0		-
1000	Total Assets		1,126,556		4,543		119
	LIABILITIES:						
2110	Accounts Payable		293,946		-		-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		30,681		-		-
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		4,543		119
2300	Unearned Revenue		6,718		-		-
2000	Total Liabilities		331,345		4,543		119
	FUND BALANCES:						
3410	Nonspendable - Inventories		82,388		-		-
3450	Restricted - Grant Funds		712,823		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances		795,211		-		-
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,126,556	\$	4,543	\$	119

263 Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancement	289 Summer School LEP	410 State Textbook Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-1)
\$ 770 770	\$ - - - - -	\$ 634 - - - 634	\$ 150,462 851,261 164,221 <u>89,106</u> 1,255,050
- - 770 - 770	- - - - -	634 634	293,946 30,681 127,860 7,352 459,839
- - - \$	- - - \$	- 	82,388 712,823 795,211 \$

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

	21	11	224			225
Data Control <u>Codes</u> REVENUES:	ESEA, Part Impro Bas Progr	t A - oving sic	IDEA - Pa Formu	,		- Part B, eschool
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
5800 State Program Revenues	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	T	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	57	78,957	919	9,161		12,736
5020 Total Revenues		78,957	-	9,161		12,736
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
0011 Instruction	5'	10,025	598	3,338		12,736
0013 Curriculum and Staff Development		68,932		7,014		-
0021 Instructional Leadership		-		, 3,491		-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		-	275	5,318		-
0035 Food Service		-		-		-
6030 Total Expenditures	5	78,957	919	9,161		12,736
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-
0100 Fund Balances - Beginning		-		-		
3000 Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$	-	\$	-

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

Data Control Codes		E 	240 National School Breakfast and Lunch Program	Te	244 areer and echnical - sic Grant	Т	255 SEA, Title II, Part A,: eacher and Principal Training & Recruiting
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	1,038,238	\$	-	\$	-
5800	State Program Revenues		44,358	·	-		-
5900	Federal Program Revenues		1,466,245		47,031		115,369
5020	Total Revenues	_	2,548,841		47,031		115,369
	EXPENDITURES: Current:						
0011	Instruction		-		35,104		106,209
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		-		10,167		9,160
0021	Instructional Leadership		-		-		-
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		-		1,760		-
0035	Food Service	_	3,127,179		-		-
6030	Total Expenditures		3,127,179		47,031		115,369
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(578,338)		-		-
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning	_	1,373,549		-		-
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	795,211	\$	-	\$	-

263 Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancement	289 Summer School LEP	410 State Textbook Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-2)
\$	\$ - 	\$ - 272,917 - 272,917	\$ 1,038,238 317,275 3,167,856 4,523,369
13,858 12,273 - - - 26,131 -	2,226 - - - - 2,226 -	272,917 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,551,413 137,546 8,491 277,078 <u>3,127,179</u> <u>5,101,707</u> (578,338)
\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	<u> </u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

	1	2	3 Assessed/Appraised		
Year Ended	Tax	Rates	Value For School		
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes		
2005 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$ Various	\$ Various		
2006	1.50	0.3600	860,615,707		
2007	1.37	0.3011	986,413,320		
2008	1.04	0.3000	1,076,516,567		
2009	1.04	.30	1,186,302,836		
2010	1.17	0.2700	1,239,013,333		
2011	1.17	.27	1,276,037,971		
2012	1.17	.27	1,282,400,903		
2013	1.17	.27	1,287,574,028		
2014 (School Year Under Audit)	1.17	0.50	1,323,928,443		
1000 Totals					

1000 Totals

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

10 Beginning Balance 9/1/13	 20 Current Year's Total Levy	_	31 Maintenance Collections	_	32 Debt Service Collections	_	40 Entire Year's Adjustments	50 Ending Balance 8/31/14
\$ 561,757	\$ -	\$	18,628	\$	4,774	\$	(37,079)	\$ 501,276
101,541	-		5,811		1,394		(2,174)	92,162
112,118	-		7,382		1,623		(3,295)	99,818
109,246	-		8,106		2,339		(2,337)	96,464
126,726	-		15,596		4,500		(2,247)	104,383
151,256	-		11,593		2,675		(9,929)	127,059
210,071	-		49,783		11,488		10,092	158,892
335,040	-		82,067		18,938		9,042	243,077
556,159	-		222,822		51,420		8,288	290,205
-	22,109,605		14,988,635		6,405,400		-	715,570
\$ 2,263,914	\$ 22,109,605	\$	15,410,423	\$	6,504,551	\$	(29,639)	\$ 2,428,906
		\$	-	\$	-			

Data Control Codes		_	Budgete Original	ed Am	ounts Final	_	Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	1,008,550	\$	1,017,650	\$	1,038,238	\$	20,588
5800	State Program Revenues	•	68,000	•	68,000	•	44,358	•	(23,642)
5900	Federal Program Revenues		1,425,000		1,425,000		1,466,245		41,245
5020	Total Revenues	_	2,501,550		2,510,650	_	2,548,841		38,191
	EXPENDITURES: Current: Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0035	Food Service		2,491,550		2,691,550		3,127,179		(435,629)
0053	Data Processing Services		10,000		10,000		-		10,000
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		2,501,550		2,701,550		3,127,179		(425,629)
6030	Total Expenditures	_	2,501,550	_	2,701,550	_	3,127,179		(425,629)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(190,900)		(578,338)		(387,438)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		1,373,549	_	1,373,549	_	1,373,549		-
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$_	1,373,549	\$_	1,182,649	\$_	795,211	\$	(387,438)

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

EXHI	BIT	J-3
_ /\		•••

Data									/ariance with Final Budget
Contro	1		Budgete	d An	nounts				Positive
Codes			Original		Final	_	Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	6,401,605	\$	6,511,605	\$	6,589,114	\$	77,509
5800	State Program Revenues		1,161,895		1,253,810		1,308,811		55,001
5900	Federal Program Revenues		-		-	_			
5020	Total Revenues	_	7,563,500	_	7,765,415	_	7,897,925	_	132,510
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		2,061,454		2,061,454		2,061,454		-
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		5,502,020		5,502,020		5,502,020		-
0073	Issuance Costs and Fees		26		26		10,116		(10,090)
	Total Debt Service	_	7,563,500	_	7,563,500	_	7,573,590		(10,090)
6030	Total Expenditures	_	7,563,500		7,563,500	-	7,573,590		(10,090)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		_		201,915		324,335		122,420
1200			-		201,910		524,555		122,420
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		1,772,672	_	1,772,672	_	1,772,672		-
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,772,672	\$	1,974,587	\$	2,097,007	\$	122,420

OVERALL COMPLIANCE, INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION AND FEDERAL AWARDS



Hereford, Lynch, Sellars & Kirkham

Certified Public Accountants

A Professional Corporation

Conroe 1406 Wilson Rd., Suite 100 Conroe, Texas 77304 *Tel* 936-756-8127 *Metro* 936-441-1338 *Fax* 936-756-8132 Members of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Texas Society of Certified Public Accounts Private Companies Practice Section of the AICPA Division for Firms Cleveland 111 East Boothe Cleveland, Texas 77327 *Tel* 281-592-6443 *Fax* 281-592-7706

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Trustees of Crosby Independent School District P.O. Box 2009 Crosby, Texas 77532-2009

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Crosby Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 3, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully,

Hereford, Lynch, Sellars & Kirkham, P.C.

HEREFORD, LYNCH, SELLARS & KIRKHAM, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Conroe, Texas October 3, 2014



Hereford, Lynch, Sellars & Kirkham

Certified Public Accountants • A Professional Corporation

Conroe 1406 Wilson Rd., Suite 100 Conroe, Texas 77304 *Tel* 936-756-8127 *Metro* 936-441-1338 *Fax* 936-756-8132 Members of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Texas Society of Certified Public Accounts Private Companies Practice Section of the AICPA Division for Firms Cleveland 111 East Boothe Cleveland, Texas 77327 *Tel* 281-592-6443 *Fax* 281-592-7706

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Board of Trustees of Crosby Independent School District P.O. Box 2009 Crosby, Texas 77532-2009

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Crosby Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2014. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Crosby Independent School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully,

Hereford, Lynch, Sellars & Kirkham, P.C.

HEREFORD, LYNCH, SELLARS & KIRKHAM, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Conroe, Texas October 3, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

SE	CTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS			
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS				
1.	Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified		
2.	Internal Control over Financial Reporting:	·		
	a. Material Weakness(es) identified?	No		
	b. Significant Deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported		
3.	Noncompliance material to Financial Statements noted?	No		
FE	DERAL AWARDS			
4.	Internal control over major programs:			
	a. Material Weakness(es) identified?	No		
	b. Significant Deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported		
5.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance with major programs	Unmodified		
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133	No		
7.	Identification of Major Programs	Title I, Part A and Special Education Cluster (IDEA)		
8.	Dollar Threshold used to distinguish Between Type A and Type B Federal Programs	\$300,000		
9.	Auditee Qualified as a Low-Risk Auditee?	Yes		
SE	CTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS			
No	ne reported			
SECTION III -FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS				
No	ne reported			

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None reported

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

None reported

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

(1) Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/	(2) Federal CFDA	(2A) Pass-Through Entity Identifying	(3) Federal	
Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures	
			<u> </u>	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed Through State Department of Education:				
ESEA Title I, Part A-Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	14610101101906	\$ 578,957	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
IDEA-B Formula	84.027A	146600011019066000	919,161	
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173A	146610011019066610	12,736	
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			931,897	
Career and Technical-Basic Grant	84.048A	14420006101906	42,488	
Career and Technical-Basic Grant	84.048A	15420006101906	4,543	
Total CFDA 84.048A			47,031	
Title III, Part A-English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancement	84.365A	14671001101906	26,131	
ESEA Title II, Part A-Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	84.367A	14694501101906	115,369	
Summer School, LEP	84.369A	69551302	2,226	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			1,701,611	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non-Cash Assistance	:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	00516	141,200	
Passed Through State Department of Education - Cash Assistance:				
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	71401401	305,362	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	71301401	982,730	
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Cash Assistance:				
Summer Feeding Program	10.559	00516	36,953	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE - CHILD NUTRITION CLU	STER		1,466,245	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE				
Reserve Officers' Training Corps	12.000	N/A	71,764	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$3,239,620	

EXHIBIT K-1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2014

Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Crosby Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133 and *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. Presented below is a reconciliation of federal revenues:

Total Expenditures of Federal Awards per Exhibit K-1	\$ 3,239,620
Additional federal revenues reported in General Fund:	
SHARS	77,911
Interest Subsidy on Qualified School Construction Bonds	386,731
Total Federal Revenues per Exhibit C-2	\$ 3,704,262

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2013

Data Control Codes	_	F	Responses
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning default on bonded indebtedness obligations?	No	
SF4	Did the district receive a clean audit? - Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report?	Yes	6
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls?	No	
SF9	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance?	No	
SF10	What was the total accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds included in the government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end?	\$	3,274,882